



Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)

Trainer and Assessor Assessment Result Sheet Part 6 (PPL & CPL)

Student Name:

Student No.:

AVI50222 Diploma of Aviation (Commercial Pilot Licence – Aeroplane)

RTO Number: 40971 The Redcliffe Aero Club ABN: 74 009 819 792 Office: (07) 3203 1777

1 Wirraway Drive, Kippa Ring, QLD, Australia, 4021 AQTF Ref 1.5 Email: RTO@redcliffeaeroclub.com.au F00459 RPL Application - AVI50222 Trainer and Assessor Assessment Result Sheet - (PPL & CPL) Part 6.V1

FUU439_NFL Application - AVI30222 Trainer and Assessor Assessment Result Sheet - (FFL & CFL) Part 0. VI



Compet	tency Evaluation Che	ecklist_			
	Student Name: Overall Score				
Student	t No.:				
Reviewed / Evaluated By:			Competent / Not Yet Competent		ompetent
Date Ev	aluated:				
Qualific	ation:	AVI50222 Diploma of Aviation (Commercial Pilot Licence – A	eroplane)		
		adio Communications			
	and Performance Cr	·	ox when competen	cy has be	
	rate radio equipmen				Element
PC1.1.		lio equipment is confirmed			Commentent
PC1.2.	Transmission and r phraseology	eceipt of radio communications is conducted using appropriat	e procedures and		Competent
PC1.3.	A listening watch is	maintained, and applicable transmissions responded to appro	opriately		Not yet
PC1.4.	Appropriate emerg	ency and urgency transmissions are conducted			Competent
E2. Mar	nage radio equipmer	nt malfunctions			Element
PC2.1.	Radio failure proce	dures are performed as required			Competent
PC2.2.	Fault-finding proce employed	dures and corrective actions not involving special tools or inst	ructions are		Not yet Competent
E3. Ope	rate transponder				Element
PC3.1.	•	er is operated and monitored in accordance with the aeronaut uring normal operations	ical information		Competent
PC3.2.	Aircraft transponde emergency operati	er is operated and monitored in accordance with the AIP durinons	g abnormal and		Not yet Competent
Instructo	rs Name:				
Date:					
Instructor Signature:					

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AVIF0033 Manage Aircraft Passengers and Cargo

Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved				een achieved.
E1. Mai	nage passengers during normal operations			Element
PC1.1.	with regulatory requirements, orders and operations manual	ance		Competent
PC1.2.	requirements and workplace procedures			
PC1.3.	Passengers are managed on the ground and in accordance with regulatory requirements, o and operations manual	rders		Not yet Competent
E2. Mai	nage passengers during an abnormal or emergency situation			Element
PC2.1.	Passengers are warned of potentially hazardous conditions and emergencies during flight, a briefed about related safety and emergency procedures in accordance with regulatory requirements, orders and operations manual	and are		Competent
PC2.2.	Passengers are advised of nature of emergency and the procedures and precautions to be followed			
PC2.3.	Clear communication is established and maintained with passengers			Not yet
PC2.4.	passengers are managed during an emergency in accordance with regulatory requirements workplace procedures	and		Competent
E3. Mai	nage Cargo			Element
PC3.1.	Cargo is managed in accordance with regulatory requirements and workplace procedures			Competent
PC3.2.	Cargo calculations are completed in accordance with workplace procedures and regulatory requirements			
PC3.3.	Dangerous goods are identified, and procedures are applied to ensure safety and security of people and cargo	f		Not yet Competent
nstructo	ors Name:			
Date:				
Instructor Signature:				

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AVIW0029 Manage Pre-and Post-Flight Actions

Elements	s and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy has be	en achieved.
E1. Com	nplete Pre-and Post-Flight Administration		Element
PC1.1.	Pre- and post-flight planning and documentation is completed in accordance with regulatory requirements and/or operations manual		
PC1.2.	Aircraft take-off and landing performance is calculated in accordance with performance charts		Competent
PC1.3.	Aircraft weight and balance is confirmed		
PC1.4.	Pre- and post- flight maintenance release (flight technical log) and flight administration is completed in accordance with regulatory requirements and/or operations manual		Not yet Competent
PC1.5.	Aircraft serviceability is determined by daily inspection, and certification of daily inspection in maintenance release (flight and technical log) is completed in accordance with regulations.		competent
E2. Perf	form Pre- and Post-Flight Actions/ Inspection		Element
PC2.1.	Equipment and documentation as required by regulation, is identified and secured in aircraft pre- flight		
PC2.2.	Hazards are identified, risks are assessed, and hazard management is implemented		∟ Competent
PC2.3.	Internal checks are completed in accordance with approved checklist		
PC2.4.	External checks are completed in accordance with approved checklist		∟ Not yet
PC2.5.	Flight equipment and documentation are removed from aircraft post-flight		Competent
PC2.6.	Aircraft is secured in accordance with manufacturer specifications and organisational procedures		
E3. Perf	form and Certify Daily Inspection		Element
PC3.1.	Daily inspection of aircraft is performed in accordance with authorized aviation maintenance systems		Competent
PC3.2.	Appropriate actions are undertaken to rectify discrepancies		
PC3.3.	Daily inspection is certified in accordance with regulatory requirements		Not yet Competent
Instructo	ors Name:		
Date:			
Instructo	or Signature:		

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AVIY0054 Control Aeroplane on the Ground

Elements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competer	cy has be	en achieved.
E1. Star	t and Stop Engine		Element
PC1.1.	Pre-start and after-start checks are completed in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH)		_
PC1.2.	Engine is started and shut down in accordance with AFM/POH		 Competent
PC1.3.	Emergencies are managed in accordance with AFM/POH and regulatory requirements		Competent
PC1.4.	Pre-and after shutdown checks are completed in accordance with AFM/POH		☐ Not yet
PC1.5.	Manufacturer limitations are complied with and deviations are reported as required Aeroplane is positioned to ensure safety when starting engine		Competent
PC1.6.	Aeroplane is positioned to ensure safety when starting engine		
E2. Taxi	Aeroplane		Competent
PC2.1.	Automatic terminal information service (ATIS)		
PC2.2.	Aeroplane control and safe taxi speed is maintained in accordance with prevailing aerodrome, traffic, surface and weather conditions		
PC2.3.	Brake serviceability and functionality checks are performed clear of conflicting traffic and other hazards to confirm serviceability		
PC2.4.	Instrument checks are conducted, and altimeter settings are adjusted to confirm serviceability prior to aircraft departure		Competent
PC2.5.	Engine handling and braking on the ground is in accordance with AFM/POH		
PC2.6.	Airfield markings/lights/signals/indicators are interpreted and complied with		Not yet Competent
PC2.7.	Lookout is maintained, and right-of-way rules are adhered to while complying with applicable air traffic control (ATC) or marshalling instructions		Competent
PC2.8.	Adverse effect of propeller slipstream of jet wash on other Aeroplanes, aerodrome facilities and personnel are avoided		
PC2.9.	Taxi path is inspected when surface conditions are obscured		
Date:	ors Name:		



Source: RTO Co-Ordinator

AVIY0055 Take-Off Aeroplane

Created 25.01.23

Reviewed 10.02.2023

	ry out pre-take-off procedures Please place a tick in the box when competen	-,	Element
PC1.1.	PC1.1 Critical take-off airspeeds, aircraft configuration, and emergency and abnormal procedures		
	for normal and cross-wind take- offs are correctly identified		
PC1.2.	PC1.2 Pre-take-off briefing is completed		_
PC1.3.	,, ,	П	
	manual/pilot's operating handbook (POH) or company operations manual	Ш	Competent
PC1.4.	PC1.4 Correction for existing wind component to the take-off performance is verified and correctly applied		☐ Not yet
PC1.5.	PC1.5 Runway approach path is visually cleared of conflicting traffic and other hazards prior to lining up for take-off		Competent
PC1.6.	PC1.6 Aeroplane is aligned with runway centre line in take-off direction		
PC1.7.	PC1.7 Air traffic control (ATC) clearances are obtained as required		
E2. Con	duct aeroplane take-off		Element
PC2.1.	PC2.1 Take-off power is applied, aeroplane is maintained aligned with centre of runway with		
	wings-maintained level and rotated at manufacturer recommended speed to achieve planned climb performance		
PC2.2.	PC2.2 Aeroplane is configured for nominated climb profile, and tracking on centerline of runway is maintained during take off		
PC2.3.	PC2.3 Power controls, settings, and instruments during take-off are monitored to ensure all predetermined parameters are achieved and maintained		Competent
PC2.4.	PC2.4 Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain		☐ Not yet
PC2.5.	PC2.5 Separation with all circuit traffic is maintained		Competent
PC2.6.	PC2.6 Radiotelephone listening watch is maintained		
PC2.7.	PC2.7 Local and published noise abatement requirements and curfews are observed		
PC2.8.	PC2.8 After take-off checks are performed in accordance with approved checklist		
E3. Perf	form rejected take-off		Element
PC3.1.	PC3.1 Requirement to abort/reject take-off is identified		
PC3.2.	PC3.2 Power is reduced smoothly and promptly		Competent
PC3.3.	PC3.3 Braking devices are activated		П
PC3.4.	PC3.4 Control is maintained to bring aeroplane to a safe stop		Not yet
PC3.5.	PC3.5 Associated procedures and/or checklists are initiated and completed		Competent
Instructo	ors Name:		
Date:			
Instructo	or Signature:		
RTO Numl	ber: 40971 The Redcliffe Aero Club ABN: 74 009 819 792	Office	e: (07) 3203 177
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AVIY0056 Control Aeroplane in Normal Flight

Elements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competer	ncy has be	een achieved.
E1. Clim	b aeroplane		Element
PC1.1.	Adjustments are made to attitude and power to achieve an increase of altitude at normal, maximum rate (VY), maximum angle (VX) and cruise conditions of flight during straight and turning manoeuvres		
PC1.2.	Aeroplane is maintained in balanced flight and trimmed		Competent
PC1.3.	Aeroplane is levelled off from climb at nominated altitude using standard aeroplane procedures		
PC1.4.	Flightpath clearance is ensured		Not yet
PC1.5.	Climb checks are completed		Competent
PC1.6.	Air traffic control (ATC) altitude restrictions are observed		
E2. Mai	ntain straight and level flight		Element
PC2.1.	Power, attitude and configuration are set to achieve straight and level flight		
PC2.2.	Aeroplane is maintained in balanced flight and trimmed		Competent
PC2.3.	Altitude and heading are maintained within tolerances		Not yet
PC2.4.	Flightpath clearance is ensured		Competent
	cend aeroplane		Element
PC3.1.	Power, attitude and configuration are set to achieve descent during glide, power assisted flight and approach profiles		
PC3.2.	Aeroplane is maintained in balanced flight and trimmed		
PC3.3.	Aeroplane is levelled from a descent at a nominated altitude		∟ Competent
PC3.4.	Flightpath clearance is ensured		
PC3.5.	ATC altitude restrictions are observed		□ Not yet
PC3.6.	Aeroplane operating limits are not exceeded during descent		Competent
PC3.7.	Effects of understanding and flaps are managed		
PC3.8.	Descent checks are completed		
	n aeroplane		Element
PC4.1.	Airspace cleared procedure is carried out		Competent
PC4.2.	Heading is altered in balanced flight during level, climbing, descending and gliding manoeuvres and turns are performed at varying rates to achieve specified tracks		
PC4.3.	Turn on to nominated heading or geographical feature is achieved		∟ Not yet
PC4.4.	Aeroplane operating limits are maintained during turns		Competent

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AVIY0056 Control Aeroplane in Normal Flight

Elements and Performance Criteria Continued

Created 25.01.23

Reviewed 10.02.2023

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

Source: RTO Co-Ordinator

E5. Con	trol aeroplane at slow speed	Element
PC5.1.	Pre-manoeuvre checks are completed in accordance with operating procedures	
PC5.2.	Aeroplane is flown at minimum clean approach speed and at minimum landing configuration approach speed as specified in aircraft flight manual (AFM)/Pilot's operating handbook (POH) in balanced flight	Competent
PC5.3.	Height awareness is maintained during slow speed flight	
PC5.4.	Positive control responses are implemented, and reduced control effectiveness is recognised during slow flight manoeuvres	Not yet Competent
PC5.5.	Stall warnings, cautions and indications are monitored during slow speed flight	
PC5.6.	Recovery to cruise speed is achieved while maintaining height	
E6. Perf	form circuits and approaches	Element
PC6.1.	Traffic patterns are conducted in accordance with aeronautical information package (AIP) procedures appropriate to the aeroplane type with allowance for wind velocity on al legs of the circuit.	
PC6.2.	All checklists are completed, and radiotelephone procedures are followed	
PC6.3.	Approach path is appropriately intercepted and maintained in a manner applicable to aeroplane type, while remaining clear of other traffic	Competent
PC6.4.	Traffic Control or adverse flight conditions are recognised when they arise, and a go-around is performed from any position in the traffic pattern	Not yet
PC6.5.	Right of way rules are applied and completed with	Competent
PC6.6.	Radio listening watch is maintained in accordance with established procedures	
PC6.7.	Aeroplane is configured for landing	
E7. Com	iply with airspace requirements	Element
PC7.1.	While aeroplane is maintained within a specified are, compliance is maintained with air traffic requirements and restricted, controlled and other appropriately designated airspace	
PC7.2.	Appropriate reactions are made to factors that may affect the safe progress of the flight	Competent
PC7.3.	Awareness of aeroplane position in maintained using charts and geographical features	
PC7.4.	Radio listening watch is maintained in accordance with established procedures	∟ Not yet
PC7.5.	Weather conditions are monitored, and appropriate action is taken	Competent
PC7.6.	Local and published noise abatement requirements and curfew are observed	
Instructo	rs Name:	
Date:		
Instructo	r Signature:	
1 Wirrawa	per: 40971 The Redcliffe Aero Club ABN: 74 009 819 792 By Drive, Kippa Ring, QLD, Australia, 4021 AQTF Ref 1.5 Email: RTO 6 BY B	e: (07) 3203 1777 aeroclub.com.au



AVIY0057 Land Aeroplane

Licinciics	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competer	icy mas be	een acmeved.
E1. Cond	duct aeroplane landing		Element
PC1.1.	Aeroplane is landed at a controlled rate of descent with alignment above the runway centerline, within a specified area without drift, and directional control is maintained		
PC1.2.	Existing wind conditions are confirmed, drift corrections are applied, precise ground track is maintained, and aeroplane is configured for cross-wind landing conditions are required		
PC1.3.	Ballooning and bouncing are minimised and controlled in accordance with established aeroplane landing procedures		
PC1.4.	Positive directional control is maintained, and cross-wind corrections are applied as required during the after -landing roll		Competent
PC1.5.	After-landing checks are performed in accordance with approved checklist		
PC1.6.	Separation with conflicting air and ground traffic is maintained		Not yet
PC1.7.	Runway is vacated when practicable		Competent
PC1.8.	Aeroplane is stopped safely using drag and /or braking devices within available runway length		
PC1.9.	Landing clearance is obtained at applicable airfields		
PC1.10.	Wake turbulence is avoided		
PC1.11.	Weather conditions are monitored		
E2. Man	age mishandled landing		Element
E2. Man PC2.1.	age mishandled landing Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised		Element
			Element Competent
PC2.1.	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing		
PC2.1. PC2.2.	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing cannot be achieved		
PC2.1. PC2.2. PC2.3.	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing cannot be achieved Power, attitude and configuration are selected to safely control aeroplane		Competent
PC2.1. PC2.2. PC2.3. PC2.4.	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing cannot be achieved Power, attitude and configuration are selected to safely control aeroplane Aeroplane is manoeuvred clear of the ground and after take-off procedures are conducted		Competent Not yet
PC2.1. PC2.2. PC2.3. PC2.4. PC2.5. PC2.6.	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing cannot be achieved Power, attitude and configuration are selected to safely control aeroplane Aeroplane is manoeuvred clear of the ground and after take-off procedures are conducted Allowance for wind velocity is made during go-around		Competent Not yet
PC2.1. PC2.2. PC2.3. PC2.4. PC2.5. PC2.6.	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing cannot be achieved Power, attitude and configuration are selected to safely control aeroplane Aeroplane is manoeuvred clear of the ground and after take-off procedures are conducted Allowance for wind velocity is made during go-around Wake turbulence is avoided		Competent Not yet
PC2.1. PC2.2. PC2.3. PC2.4. PC2.5. PC2.6. Instructor	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing cannot be achieved Power, attitude and configuration are selected to safely control aeroplane Aeroplane is manoeuvred clear of the ground and after take-off procedures are conducted Allowance for wind velocity is made during go-around Wake turbulence is avoided Tree Name:		Competent Not yet
PC2.1. PC2.2. PC2.3. PC2.4. PC2.5. PC2.6. Instructor	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing cannot be achieved Power, attitude and configuration are selected to safely control aeroplane Aeroplane is manoeuvred clear of the ground and after take-off procedures are conducted Allowance for wind velocity is made during go-around Wake turbulence is avoided Triangle in the ground and after take-off procedures are conducted are selected to safely control aeroplane.		Competent Not yet
PC2.1. PC2.2. PC2.3. PC2.4. PC2.5. PC2.6. Instructor	Conditional requirements for conducting a missed approach are recognised Decision to perform missed approach and subsequent go-around is made when safe landing cannot be achieved Power, attitude and configuration are selected to safely control aeroplane Aeroplane is manoeuvred clear of the ground and after take-off procedures are conducted Allowance for wind velocity is made during go-around Wake turbulence is avoided Triangle in the ground and after take-off procedures are conducted are selected to safely control aeroplane.		Competent Not yet

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AVIY0058 Manage Aircraft Fuel

lements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy has b	een achieved.
E1. Plar	fuel requirements		Element
PC1.1.	Total en route and reserve fuel requirement is determined in accordance with regulatory requirements		Competent
PC1.2.	Allowance is made for possible abnormal or emergency situation		Not yet Competent
F2. Mar	nage fuel system		Element
PC2.1.			
PC2.2.	Fuel quantity on-board is verified using two independent methods		П
PC2.3.	Fuel quality checks are confirmed before flight		Competent
PC2.4.	Fuel usage and status is monitored throughout flight and fuel log is accurately maintained		П
PC2.5.	Aircraft is configured to achieve desired profile; best range of endurance and operational endurance calculations are revised as required		Not yet Competent
PC2.6.	Work health and safety (WHS) procedures are followed at all times		
PC2.7.	Potential hazards are anticipated, and precautions are applied		
E3. Refu	uel aircraft		Competent
PC3.1.	Aircraft is refuelled correctly in accordance with AFM/ POH, WHS/OHS, regulatory requirements and workplace procedures		Competent
PC3.2.	Appropriate precautions are taken to ensure the safety and property during refueling operations.		Not yet Competent
nstructo	ors Name:		
Date:			
nstructo	or Signature:		

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AVIF0026	6 Implement Aviation Risk Management Processes		
Elements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy has be	een achieved.
E1. Ider	ntify aviation hazards and assess risk		Element
PC1.1.	Hazards are identified through organisational methods in accordance with workplace standards		Competent
PC1.2.	Stakeholders are identified and involved in the risk assessment process		
PC1.3.	Likelihood and consequence of hazards are assessed and ranked against established organisational risk assessment criteria		Not yet Competent
E2. Ider	ntify risk controls		Element
PC2.1.	Controls that reduce risk to as low as responsibility practicable (ALARP) are identified in accordance with workplace policies and procedures		Competent
PC2.2.	Risk management action plan is developed and communicated to all stakeholders		
PC2.3.	Risk management documentation is completed and checked for accuracy		Not yet Competent
E3. Con	trol Aviation risk		Element
PC3.1.	Risk Control selections are determined with consideration of effect on stakeholders		☐ Competent
PC3.2.	Risk control methods are communicated to stakeholders		
PC3.3.	Selected risk control methods/s is implemented, monitored and evaluated		Not yet Competent
E4. Mor	nitor and review effectiveness of risk control		Element
PC4.1.	Implemented risk controls are regularly monitored against measures of success / effectiveness		Competent
PC4.2.	Assistance is provided to review risk in own era of operation		Competent —
PC4.3.	Management of risk is continuously monitored and reviewed in own area of operation		∐ Not yet
PC4.4.	Review results are used to improve risk control		Competent
Instructo	ors Name:		
Date:			
Instructo	or Signature:		

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	7 Implement Aviation Fatigue Risk Management Processes		
Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been			
	ntify fatigue hazards and assess risk		Element
PC1.1.	Fatigue hazards are identified through organisational methods in accordance with workplace standards		 Competent
PC1.2.	Stakeholders are identified and involved in the risk assessment process		
PC1.3.	Likelihood and consequence of fatigue hazards are assessed and ranked against established organisational risk assessment criteria		Not yet Competent
E2. Ider	ntify fatigue risk controls		Element
PC2.1.	Controls that reduce fatigue risk to as low as reasonably practicable (ALARP) are identified in accordance with workplace policies and procedures		Competent
PC2.2.	Fatigue risk management documentation is completed and checked for accuracy		
PC2.3.	Fatigue risk management action plan is developed and communicated to all stakeholders		Not yet Competent
E3. Con	trol fatigue risk		Element
PC3.1.	Control selection is determined with consideration of effect on stakeholders		Competent
PC3.2.	Fatigue risk control methods are communicated to stakeholders		
PC3.3.	Selected control method is implemented, monitored and evaluated		Not yet Competent
E4. Mor	nitor and review effectiveness of fatigue risk control		Element
PC4.1.	Implemented risk controls are regularly monitored against measures of success / effectiveness		
PC4.2.	Assistance is provided to review fatigue risk in own area of operation		Competent
PC4.3.	Management of fatigue risk is continuously monitored and reviewed in own area of operation		Not yet
PC4.4.	Review results are used to improve fatigue risk control		Competent
	ors Name:		
Instructo	or Signature:		

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AVIF0029 Implement Threat and Error Management Systems

Elements	s and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when compete	ency has be	en achieved.
E1. Rec	ognise and manage actual and potential threats		Element
PC1.1.	Potential environmental or operational threats likely to affect flight safety are identified		
PC1.2.	Actual environmental or operational threats that affect flight safety are identified		
PC1.3.	Competing operational priorities and task demands that may represent a threat to flight safety are identified		Competent
PC1.4.	Countermeasures to manage threats are identified and implemented		
PC1.5.	Flight progress and effect of countermeasures are monitored and assessed to ensure a safe outcome		Not yet Competent
PC1.6.	Alternative countermeasures are identified and implement, and effectiveness of countermeasures is re-evaluated for effectiveness		
E2 Pos	ognise and manage actual and potential errors		Element
			Element
PC2.1.	Checklists and standard operating procedures (SOPs) are implemented to prevent aircraft handling, procedural or communication errors		
PC2.2.	Committed errors are identified and responded to before aircraft enters an undesired state		
PC2.3.	Aircraft systems are monitored using a systematic scan technique to collect and analyse flight information for potential or actual error recognition purposes		Competent
PC2.4.	Flight operating environment is monitored to collect and analyse flight information for potential or actual error recognition purposes		
PC2.5.	Individual or team performance is monitored to recognise potential or actual error concurrence		Not yet Competent
PC2.6.	Countermeasure implementation and supervision are undertaken to prevent errors before aircraft enters an undesired state		competent
PC2.7.	Countermeasures implementation and supervision are undertaken to correct errors after aircraft enters an undesired state		
E3. Rec	ognise and manage undesired aircraft states		Element
PC3.1.	Undesired aircraft states are recognised		
PC3.2.	Individual and team tasks are prioritised to ensure an undesired aircraft state is managed effectively		Competent
PC3.3.	Corrective actions to recover from an undesired aircraft state are applied in a safe and timely manner		☐ Not yet
PC3.4.	Undesired aircraft states are reported and recorded as required in accordance with applicable workplace procedures		Competent
Instructo	ors Name:		
Date:			
Instructor Signature:			

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<u>AVIF0030 Manage Safe Flight Operations</u> Elements and Performance Criteria

Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.				
E1. Maintain effective lookout				
PC1.1.	terrain to maintain traffic separation		Competent	
PC1.2.	Radio listening watch is maintained, and transmissions are interpreted to determine traffic location and intention		☐ Not yet	
PC1.3.	Airspace-cleared procedures are performed before commencing any manoeuvre		Competent	
E2. Mai	ntain situational awareness		Element	
PC2.1.	All aircraft systems are monitored using a systematic scan technique			
PC2.2.	Information is collected to facilitate ongoing system management		Competent	
PC2.3.	Flight environment is monitored for deviations from planned operations		∐ Not yet	
PC2.4.	flight environment information is collected to update planned operations		Competent	
E3. Asse	ess situations and make decisions		Element	
PC3.1.	Problems affecting flight performance are identified and analysed			
PC3.2.	Potential solutions to flight performance problems are identified		_	
PC3.3.	Potential solutions and risks are assessed		Competent	
PC3.4.	Course of action is determined and communicated to flight crew, passengers and/or other personnel as required			
PC3.5.	Tasks are allocated and actioned to implement optimal course of action documents		Not yet	
PC3.6.	Tasks are monitored for progress against determined course of action		Competent	
PC3.7.	Plan is re-evaluated as required to achieve optimal outcomes			
E4. Set	priorities and managing tasks		Element	
PC4.1.	Tasks workload and priorities are organised to ensure optimum outcome of the flight			
PC4.2.	Events and tasks are planned to occur sequentially		Competent	
PC4.3.	Events and tasks are anticipated to ensure sufficient opportunity for completion		☐ Not yet	
PC4.4.	Technology is used to reduce workload and improve cognitive and manipulative activities		Competent	
E5. Mai	ntain effective communication and interpersonal relationships		Element	
PC5.1.	Effective and efficient communication and interpersonal relationships are established and maintained with all stakeholders to ensure optimum flight outcome.		Competent	
PC5.2.	Objectives are defined and explained to stakeholders			
PC5.3.	Appropriate levels of assertiveness are applied that ensure the optimum completion of a flight		Not yet Competent	
Instructors	Name:			
Date:				
Instructor Signature:				
RTO Number: 40971 The Redcliffe Aero Club ABN: 74 009 819 792 Office: (1 Wirraway Drive, Kippa Ring, QLD, Australia, 4021 AQTF Ref 1.5 Email: RTO@redcliffeaer F00459 RPI Application - AVI50222 Trainer and Assessor Assessment Result Sheet - (PPI & CPI) Part 6 V1				
	ay Drive, Kippa Ring, QLD, Australia, 4021 AQTF Ref 1.5 Email: RTO@ F00459_RPL Application - AVI50222 Trainer and Assessor Assessment Result Sheet - (PPL & CPL) Part 6.V1	<u>redcliffea</u>	aeroclub.com.au	



AVIF0035 Manage Human Factors in Aviation Operations

Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.			
E1. Mai	ntain personal performance		Element
PC1.1.	Pre- and post-operational personal condition is managed to ensure safe and effective performance		
PC1.2.	Individual performance when conducting aviation operations is monitored against workplace standards, procedures and requirements		
PC1.3.	Degradation of physiological condition is recognised and appropriate strategies are implemented to ensure safe outcome of aviation operations		Competent
PC1.4.	Degradation of psychological condition is recognised and appropriate strategies are implemented to ensure safe outcome of aviation operations		Not yet Competent
PC1.5.	Sources of stress are identified and managed to maintain a safe aviation operating environment		Competent
PC1.6.	Limitations to personal performance are communicated to crew/team to maintain a safe aviation operating environment		
53.0			- 1 .
	nmunicate effectively with an aviation environment		Element
PC2.1.	Effective listening skills are applied		
PC2.2.	Questions are used to gain additional information		
PC2.3.	Information received is clarified/confirmed, interpreted and accurately communicated or reported with due observation of ethics and protocols required of the operational environment		
PC2.4.	Communication is undertaken in varying situations with culturally diverse, familiar and unfamiliar individuals, teams and crews		Competent
PC2.5.	Appropriate protocols and procedures are followed when using communications systems during routine and contingency aviation operations		Not yet Competent
PC2.6.	Responses are sought and provided to others in a timely manner		
PC2.7.	Countermeasure implementation and supervision are undertaken to correct errors after aircraft enters an undesired state		
Instructo	ors Name:		
Date:			
Instructo	r Signature:		



AVIH0010 Plan a Flight Under Visual Flight Rules

Elements	Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.			
E1. Dete	ermine aircraft meets requirements for VFR flight		Element	
PC1.1.	Aircraft requirements for VFR flight are determined		Competent	
PC1.2.	Hazards are identified, risks are assessed, and hazard management implemented			
PC1.3.	Flight and navigation instruments, minimum electrical lighting, navigation equipment and any other requirements fitted to aircraft are checked to ensure they are suitable and serviceable for VFR flight		Not yet Competent	
E2. Obta	ain and use operational documents		Element	
PC2.1.	Operational documents applicable to the flight are obtained and checked for currency		Competent	
PC2.2.	Applicable information contained in documents for flight planning and management is interpreted and applied			
PC2.3.	Documents required for the flight are stowed and their accessibility for the pilot during flight is ensured		Not yet Competent	
	E3. Prepare flight plan for VFR flight			
E3. Prep	pare flight plan for VFR flight		Element	
E3. Prep PC3.1.			Element	
-			Element Competent	
PC3.1.	Charts suitable for intended VFR flight are selected and prepared Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be		Competent Not yet	
PC3.1. PC3.2.	Charts suitable for intended VFR flight are selected and prepared Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be flown and fuel requirements to reach destination are obtained, analysed and applied Meteorological, airways facilities, aerodrome and Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) information		Competent	
PC3.1. PC3.2. PC3.3.	Charts suitable for intended VFR flight are selected and prepared Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be flown and fuel requirements to reach destination are obtained, analysed and applied Meteorological, airways facilities, aerodrome and Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) information applicable to planning and conducting a flight is obtained, interpreted and applied		Competent Not yet	
PC3.1. PC3.2. PC3.3.	Charts suitable for intended VFR flight are selected and prepared Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be flown and fuel requirements to reach destination are obtained, analysed and applied Meteorological, airways facilities, aerodrome and Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) information applicable to planning and conducting a flight is obtained, interpreted and applied		Competent Not yet	
PC3.1. PC3.2. PC3.3.	Charts suitable for intended VFR flight are selected and prepared Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be flown and fuel requirements to reach destination are obtained, analysed and applied Meteorological, airways facilities, aerodrome and Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) information applicable to planning and conducting a flight is obtained, interpreted and applied Routes to optimise options in an engine failure are planned		Competent Not yet Competent	
PC3.1. PC3.2. PC3.3. PC3.4.	Charts suitable for intended VFR flight are selected and prepared Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be flown and fuel requirements to reach destination are obtained, analysed and applied Meteorological, airways facilities, aerodrome and Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) information applicable to planning and conducting a flight is obtained, interpreted and applied Routes to optimise options in an engine failure are planned		Competent Not yet Competent	
PC3.1. PC3.2. PC3.3. PC3.4.	Charts suitable for intended VFR flight are selected and prepared Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be flown and fuel requirements to reach destination are obtained, analysed and applied Meteorological, airways facilities, aerodrome and Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) information applicable to planning and conducting a flight is obtained, interpreted and applied Routes to optimise options in an engine failure are planned ermine operational requirements Suitability of aerodrome lighting for night operations is determined		Competent Not yet Competent Element	
PC3.1. PC3.2. PC3.3. PC3.4. E4. Dete PC4.1. PC4.2.	Charts suitable for intended VFR flight are selected and prepared Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be flown and fuel requirements to reach destination are obtained, analysed and applied Meteorological, airways facilities, aerodrome and Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) information applicable to planning and conducting a flight is obtained, interpreted and applied Routes to optimise options in an engine failure are planned ermine operational requirements Suitability of aerodrome lighting for night operations is determined Curfew requirements are complied with		Competent Not yet Competent Element	

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AVIH0010 Plan a Flight Under Visual Flight Rules

Elements and Performance Criteria Continued

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E5. Make flight notification				
PC5.1. Flight notification is prepared for planned VFR flight		Competent		
PC5.2. Completed flight notification is submitted				
PC5.3. Flight notification acceptance is confirmed		Not yet Competent		
E6. Program navigation system		Element		
PC6.1. Flight notification is prepared for planned VFR flight		Competent		
PC6.2. Completed flight notification is submitted				
PC6.3. Flight notification acceptance is confirmed		Not yet Competent		
Instructors Name:				
Date:				
Instructor Signature:				

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AVIH0014 Navigate Aircraft Under Visual Flight Rules

E1. Prepare navigation documents and flight plan PC1.1. Suitable navigation charts for intended flight are selected and prepared PC1.2. Applicable information is obtained, analysed and applied to produce a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times and fuel requirements to reach a destination PC1.3. Pre-flight planning is used to minimise in-flight navigational work load PC1.4. Applicable VFR are applied to current and forecast operating conditions to determine whether planned flight can proceed PC1.5. Hazards to navigation are marked on charts as required E2. Comply with airspace procedures PC2.1. Applicable flight airspace restrictions and dimensions are identified PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (mm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Local and published noise abatement requirements and curfews are observed Element Element Element Element Element Element Element Competent Output Competent Not yet Competent Not yet Competent Not yet Competent Not yet Competent PC3.7. Local and published noise abatement requirements and curfews are observed	Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.			
PC1.2. Applicable information is obtained, analysed and applied to produce a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times and fuel requirements to reach a destination PC1.3. Pre-flight planning is used to minimise in-flight navigational work load PC1.4. Applicable VFR are applied to current and forecast operating conditions to determine whether planned flight can proceed PC1.5. Hazards to navigation are marked on charts as required E2. Comply with airspace procedures PC2.1. Applicable flight airspace restrictions and dimensions are identified PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	E1. Prep	pare navigation documents and flight plan		Element
tracks, distances, times and fuel requirements to reach a destination PC1.3. Pre-flight planning is used to minimise in-flight navigational work load PC1.4. Applicable VFR are applied to current and forecast operating conditions to determine whether planned flight can proceed PC1.5. Hazards to navigation are marked on charts as required E2. Comply with airspace procedures PC2.1. Applicable flight airspace restrictions and dimensions are identified PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained PC3.4. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC1.1.	Suitable navigation charts for intended flight are selected and prepared		
PC1.4. Applicable VFR are applied to current and forecast operating conditions to determine whether planned flight can proceed PC1.5. Hazards to navigation are marked on charts as required E2. Comply with airspace procedures PC2.1. Applicable flight airspace restrictions and dimensions are identified PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC1.2.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Competent
PC1.5. Hazards to navigation are marked on charts as required E2. Comply with airspace procedures PC2.1. Applicable flight airspace restrictions and dimensions are identified PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC1.3.	Pre-flight planning is used to minimise in-flight navigational work load		
E2. Comply with airspace procedures PC2.1. Applicable flight airspace restrictions and dimensions are identified Competent PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained Competent E3. Conduct departure procedures PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC1.4.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC1.5.	Hazards to navigation are marked on charts as required		
PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained Competent				
PC2.2. Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained Competent	E2. Com	ply with airspace procedures		Element
E3. Conduct departure procedures PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC2.1.	Applicable flight airspace restrictions and dimensions are identified		Competent
PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC2.2.	Air traffic clearances are obtained and compliance with them is maintained		•
PC3.1. Pre-flight planning and cockpit organisation are conducted to ensure charts, documentation and navigational equipment are accessible from the control seat PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain				
PC3.2. Departure administration and communication is conducted PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	E3. Con	duct departure procedures		Element
PC3.3. Track is intercepted within five nautical miles (nm) of airfield and departure time is recorded or alternative procedures are applied as required PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC3.1.			
PC3.4. Orientation is always maintained PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain Competent Not yet Competent	PC3.2.	Departure administration and communication is conducted		_
PC3.5. Priority is given to controlling aircraft before conducting navigation administration or communication PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC3.3.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Competent
communication Competent PC3.6. Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain	PC3.4.	Orientation is always maintained		
visibility and terrain	PC3.5.			-
PC3.7. Local and published noise abatement requirements and curfews are observed	PC3.6.			
	PC3.7.	Local and published noise abatement requirements and curfews are observed		

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AVIH0014 Navigate Aircraft Under Visual Flight Rules

Elements and Performance Criteria Continued

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E4. Navigate aircraft en route			Element
PC4.1.	Planned route is maintained in accordance with VFR		
PC4.2.	In-flight documentation and communication is completed		
PC4.3.	Waypoint and/or destination estimated time of arrival (ETA) are checked and revised as required		
PC4.4.	Search and rescue times (SARTIME) awareness is maintained and revised based on destination ETA calculations		
PC4.5.	Fuel consumption is monitored, and reserves revised		
PC4.6.	Pre-descent or navigation turning point checks are executed		Competent
PC4.7.	Appropriate techniques to obtain a positive navigation fix at suitable intervals are used		
PC4.8.	Route, en route terrain, en route and destination weather awareness is maintained, and appropriate courses of action are implemented in accordance with changing weather conditions		Not yet Competent
PC4.9.	Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain		
PC4.10.	Aircraft is configured as required for turbulent, holding and maximum aircraft range based on environmental and operational conditions		
PC4.11.	Aircraft systems, fuel and engine warnings, cautions and indicators are monitored to ensure aircraft is operated to achieve flight plan objectives		
E5. Maintain effective communication and interpersonal relationships			Element
PC5.1.	Compliance with VFR is maintained during navigation at low level or in reduced visibility		
PC5.2.	Pre-descent and/or navigation turning point checks are executed in accordance with regulatory requirements		
PC5.3.	Planned route is maintained in accordance with regulatory requirements and procedures		
PC5.4.	In-flight documentation is completed		
PC5.5.	Waypoint and/or destination ETA are checked and revised as required		
PC5.6.	Aircraft is operated and configured to maintain minimum height above ground level (AGL) and terrain separation and remaining within visual meteorological conditions (VMC)		Competent
PC5.7.	Lookout is maintained using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain		Not yet Competent
PC5.8.	Hazards and threats to low flying navigation are identified and risk controls are implemented		competent
PC5.9.	Effects of wind velocity, false horizons, rising ground, adverse environmental conditions and mountainous terrain are managed, and contingency actions are planned as required		
PC5.10.	Aircraft is configured as required for reduced visibility and low cloud base environmental and operational conditions		
PC5.11.	Situational awareness is maintained at all times		

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Elements and Performance Criteria

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E6. Per	form lost procedures		Element
PC6.1.	Positional uncertainty is identified and recognised		
PC6.2.	Position is fixed and new track to destination attainable within limits of fuel and daylight is determined using recognised methods		Competent
PC6.3.	Track to destination is re-established or re planned with consideration of fuel usage and reserves		Competent
PC6.4.	Waypoint and/or destination ETA are checked and revised as required		Not yet
PC6.5.	Radio, navigation aids, transponder and air traffic control (ATC) services are used for assistance		Competent
PC6.6.	A timely precautionary search and landing is planned for possible circumstances of being lost or having no fuel or no light		
F7. Per	form diversion procedures		Element
PC7.1.	Requirement to perform diversion procedure is identified and a timely decision is made	П	2.0
PC7.2.	Alternate acceptable aerodrome/destination is identified		
PC7.3.	New route is determined and established		П
PC7.4.	Waypoint and/or destination ETA are checked and revised as required		Competent
PC7.5.	Flight plan is revised considering operational information, weather, terrain, airspace and fuel available		☐ Not yet
PC7.6.	Air traffic service is advised of action where possible and compliance with airspace procedures is maintained		Competent
PC7.7.	SARTIME awareness is maintained and revised based on diversion destination ETA calculations and is cancelled on arrival		
E8. Use	instrument navigation systems	T	Element
PC8.1.	Navigation systems are initialised and system validity checks are conducted as required		
PC8.2.	Receiver autonomous integrity monitoring (RAIM) checks are conducted as required		
PC8.3.	Navigation aids and systems are utilised to confirm position, track and navigation information		Competent
PC8.4.	Flight plan is selected, loaded, checked and activated in aircraft navigation system		Competent
PC8.5.	Navigation systems are operated in accordance with operating instructions and procedures		☐ Not yet
PC8.6.	ATC radar is used for position information and tracking assistance as required		Competent
PC8.7.	Waypoints and position fixes are confirmed using instrument navigation systems	Ш	

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AVIH0014 Navigate Aircraft Under Visual Flight Rules

Elements and Performance Criteria Continued

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E9. Execute arrival procedures			Element		
PC9.1.	Arrival aerodrome, meteorological conditions and local traffic information is obtained and applied to arrival procedure plan				
PC9.2.	Radio communications are established and maintained				
PC9.3.	Aerodrome landing direction and arrival procedure suitability are determined				
PC9.4.	Descent point is calculated		L Competent		
PC9.5.	Arrival and circuit procedures are conducted at destination aerodrome				
PC9.6.	Lookout is maintained during arrival procedure using a systematic scan technique at a rate determined by traffic density, visibility and terrain		Not yet Competent		
PC9.7.	Aerodrome markings, lights, signals and indicators are interpreted, applied and adhered to		competent		
PC9.8.	Local and published noise abatement requirements and curfews are observed				
PC9.9.	SARTIME awareness is maintained and revised based on diversion destination ETA calculations and cancelled upon arrival				
Instructors Name: Date:					
Instructo	nstructor Signature:				

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PC6.4.

PC6.5.

Task priorities are set, and tasks managed

Recognition of Prior Learning application Trainer / Assessor Checklist

AVILIC0003 Licence to Operate a Commercial Aeroplane Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved. E1. Communicate in an aviation environment **Element** PC1.1. Effective face -to -face communication techniques are applied in accordance with general English Competent language principles PC1.2. Aeronautical radio is operated using appropriate operational communication aviation phraseology Not yet and terminology Competent E2. Perform pre-and post-flight actions and procedures **Element** П PC2.1. Pre-flight actions and procedures are completed Competent PC2.2. Pre-Flight inspection is performed Not yet PC2.3. Post -flight actions and procedures are completed Competent E3. Operate aeronautical radio **Element** PC3.1. Radio equipment is operated Competent П PC3.2. Radiotelephone equipment malfunctions are managed Not yet PC3.3. Aircraft transponder is operated during normal, abnormal and emergency situations Competent E4. Manage fuel Element PC4.1. Fuel plan requirements are determined Competent PC4.2. Fuel system is managed П Not yet PC4.3. Aircraft refueling procedures are correctly completed Competent Element E5. Manage passengers and cargo PC5.1. Passengers are managed Competent PC5.2. Passengers are aided and assisted as required Not yet PC5.3. Cargo is managed Competent E6. Manage a safe flight **Element** PC6.1. Effective lookout is maintained Competent PC6.2. Situational awareness is maintained PC6.3. Situations are assessed, and effective decisions made

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Not yet

Competent

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Effective communications and interpersonal relationships are maintained



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Elements and Performance Criteria

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

Continue	d		
E7. Recognise, direct and manage threats and errors			Element
PC7.1.	Threats are recognised and managed		☐ Competent
PC7.2.	Errors are recognised and managed		
PC7.3.	Undesired aircraft states are recognised and managed		Not yet Competent
E8. Navi	igate aircraft		Element
PC8.1.	Documents and flight plans are prepared		
PC8.2.	Airspace procedures are complied with while navigating		
PC8.3.	Departure procedures are conducted		
PC8.4.	Aircraft is navigated en route to waypoint or destination		Competent
PC8.5.	Aircraft is navigated at low level and in reduced visibility		Competent
PC8.6.	Lost procedure is performed as required		☐ Not yet
PC8.7.	Diversion procedure is performed as required		Competent
PC8.8.	Instrument navigation systems are used to navigate under visual flight rules (VFR) or instrument flight rules (IFR)		
PC8.9.	Instrument navigation systems are used to navigate under visual flight rules (VFR) or instrument rules (IFR)		
E9. Cont	trol Aeroplane on the ground		Element
PC9.1.	Aircraft engine is started and stopped		Competent
PC9.2.	Aeroplane is taxied		Not yet Competent
E10. Tak	ke-off Aeroplane		Element
PC10.1.	Pre-take-off procedures are carried out		
PC10.2.	Aeroplane take-off is conducted		Competent
PC10.3.	Cross-wind aeroplane take-off is conducted		
PC10.4.	After take-off procedures are carried out		Not yet
PC10.5.	Short field aeroplane take-off is performed using appropriate procedures		Competent

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Elements and Performance Criteria

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E11. Control Aeroplane in normal flight		Element
PC11.1. Aeroplane is climbed		
PC11.2. Straight and level flight is maintained		
PC11.3. Aeroplane is descended		Competent
PC11.4. Aeroplane is turned		
PC11.5. Aeroplane is controlled at slow speeds		Not yet
PC11.6. Aeroplane circuits and approaches are performed		Competent
PC11.7. Local area airspace procedures are confirmed as required and applied		
E12. Land Aeroplane		Element
PC12.1. Aeroplane is landed		
PC12.2. Cross-wind aeroplane landing is conducted		Competent
PC12.3. Missed approach is conducted		
PC12.4. Recovery from missed landing is performed		Not yet
PC12.5. Short field aeroplane landing is performed using appropriate procedures		Competent
E13. Perform advanced manoeuvres		Element
PC13.1. Stall conditions are entered and recovered, with and without power applied, from straight and level, in approach configuration, while turning, climbing, and descending and with power applied. For multi-engine aircraft recovery with full power applied is not required nor is recovery from a stall in climbing, descending or turning flight		Competent
PC13.2. Recovery from wing drop at the stall is conducted in single engine aeroplane only		Naturat
PC13.3. Aeroplane is turned steeply		Not yet Competent
PC13.4. Aeroplane is side-slipped, when permitted		·
E14. Operate using full instrument panel		Element
PC14.1. Serviceability of flight instruments and instrument power sources is determined and monitored		Competent
PC14.2. Full instrument panel manoeuvres are performed		
PC14.3. Upset situations and unusual aircraft attitude recovery is performed using full instrument panel		Not yet Competent
E15. Operate using limited instrument panel		Element
PC15.1. Attitude indicator and stabilised heading indicator failures are recognised		
PC15.2. Limited instrument panel manoeuvres are performed		Competent
PC15.3. Upset situations and unusual aircraft attitude recovery is performed using limited instrument panel		☐ Not yet
PC15.4. Visual flight is re-established		Competent
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PC15.5. Attitude indicator and stabilised heading indicator	or failures are recognised		
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AVILIC0003 Licence to Operate a Commercial Aeroplane

Elements and Performance Criteria

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

Continued			
E16. Navigate using radio navigation aids and systems			
PC16.1. Radio navigation systems are operated and monitored		 Competent	
PC16.2. Aircraft is navigated using navigation aids and systems		Not yet Competent	
E17. Operate at non-towered aerodromes		Element	
PC17.1. Preparations for non-towered aerodrome operations are conducted			
PC17.2. Aircraft is taxied at non-towered aerodrome or landing area		Competent	
PC17.3. Non-towered aerodrome or landing area departure is performed		☐ Not yet	
PC17.4. Non-towered aerodrome or landing area arrival is performed		Competent	
E18. Operate at a controlled aerodrome		Element	
PC18.1. Aircraft is operated in Class G airspace			
PC18.2. Appropriate tolerances are applied and maintained		Competent	
PC18.3. Aircraft radio procedures are implemented as required			
PC18.4. Operations are conducted in accordance with suitable charts		Not yet	
PC18.5. Appropriate actions are performed in abnormal operations and emergencies		Competent	
E19. Operate at a controlled aerodrome			
PC19.1. Preparations for controlled aerodrome operations are conducted			
PC19.2. Aircraft is taxied at controlled aerodrome		Competent	
PC19.3. Controlled aerodrome departure is performed		Not yet	
PC19.4. Controlled aerodrome arrival and landing are performed		Competent	
E20. Operate in controlled airspace		Element	
PC20.1. Aircraft is operated in controlled airspace			
PC20.2. Airways clearance requirements are complied with			
PC20.3. Tracking and altitude tolerances are maintained when operating on an airway clearance		Competent	
PC20.4. Separation standards are applied between instrument and visual flights within controlled airspace			
PC20.5. Appropriate abnormal and emergency response actions are implemented as required		Not yet Competent	
PC20.6. Air traffic control (ATC) directions, instructions and requirements are adhered to within controlled airspace		competent	
Instructors Name:			
Date:			
Instructor Signature:			
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AVIO0017 Manage Disruptive Behaviour and Unlawful Interference with Aviation

Elements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy has be	een achieved.
E1. Mor	nitor passenger behaviour		Element
PC1.1.	Facilities and transportation units under individual surveillance are regularly monitored to identify and/or record inappropriate behaviour		
PC1.2.	Potential problem situations are quickly identified, and steps taken to resolve the situation in accordance with regulatory requirements		Competent
PC1.3.	Incidents that breach aviation transport security requirements are identified and appropriate action taken		☐ Not yet
PC1.4.	Surveillance equipment is operated within legal and workplace parameters		Competent
PC1.5.	Hazards are identified, risks are assessed, and hazard management implemented		
E2. Iden	ntify and resolve disruptive or unlawful behaviour		Element
PC2.1.	Nature of disruptive behaviour or unlawful interference is accurately assessed, and incident resolved using appropriate resolution strategies or referred to appropriate personnel for resolution		Competent
PC2.2.	Procedures are followed to isolate offender/s and to minimise disruption to other passengers		
PC2.3.	Assistance is sought from other staff and external support services as required		Not yet
PC2.4.	Follow-up action is implemented in accordance with workplace rules, regulations and guidelines		Competent
E3. Take action to manage unlawful interference			Element
PC3.1.	Assistance is sought from other staff and external support services as required		Competent
PC3.2.	Nature of offence and consequences of behaviour are clearly communicated to offender in accordance with workplace policies and procedures		
PC3.3.			Not yet Competent
E4. Rep	ort and document unlawful interference		Element
PC4.1.	Unlawful interference incidents are reported using the appropriate document format in accordance with workplace policies and procedures		Competent
PC4.2.	Documentation is completed and processed in accordance with regulatory and organisational requirements		Not yet Competent
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Date:			
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AVIW0032 Operate and Manage Aircraft Systems

Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.			en achieved.
E1. Ope	rate and manage aircraft systems during normal flight		Element
PC1.1.	Facilities and transportation units under individual surveillance are regularly monitored to identify and/or record inappropriate behaviour		
PC1.2.	Potential problem situations are quickly identified, and steps taken to resolve the situation in accordance with regulatory requirements		Competent
PC1.3.	Incidents that breach aviation transport security requirements are identified and appropriate action taken		☐ Not yet
PC1.4.	Surveillance equipment is operated within legal and workplace parameters		Competent
PC1.5.	Hazards are identified, risks are assessed, and hazard management implemented		
E2. Mar	nage aircraft systems during abnormal and emergency procedures		Element
PC2.1.	Non-normal or emergency situations are recognised		
PC2.2.	Control of aircraft flight path is maintained during abnormal and emergency response procedures		
PC2.3.	Affected aircraft system or sub-system is identified and confirmed		Competent
PC2.4.	Checklist procedures are recalled and implemented during abnormal and emergency situations using appropriate techniques		
PC2.5.	Appropriate non-normal or emergency procedures are performed in accordance with relevant workplace and emergency procedures, and regulatory requirements		Not yet Competent
PC2.6.	Course of action is decided, implemented, evaluated and revised to achieve safest outcomes		
PC2.7.	Location and operation of emergency systems applicable to aircraft type are explained		
Instructo	ors Name:		
Date:			
Instructo	or Signature:		
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AVIW0033 Operate Aircraft Using Aircraft Flight Instruments

Elements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy has be	een achieved.
E1. Coor	rdinate aircraft recovery resources		Element
PC1.1.	Appropriate clearances are obtained prior to removal process		
PC1.2.	Established removal procedures are followed		
PC1.3.	Removal activities are coordinated with aircraft owner and relevant regulatory bodies		
PC1.4.	Need for recovery equipment is determined and its source is identified		
PC1.5.	Aircraft escort services on airside are provided as required		Competent
PC1.6.	Obstacle restriction areas are avoided or made safe in accordance with workplace policy and procedures		☐ Not yet
PC1.7.	Signs and notices are complied with		Competent
PC1.8.	Hazards are identified, risks are assessed, and hazard management implemented		
PC1.9.	Airport organisations and others likely to be affected by the removal are notified		
PC1.10.	Appropriate aircraft recovery location is identified and route to that location is established		
	ntain operational facilities		Element
PC2.1.	Serviceability inspections are conducted to determine areas that may be restored to operational service		
PC2.2.	Infringement of obstacle limitation surfaces (OLS) and any changes to declared distances are determined		Competent
PC2.3.	Visual aids are provided, installed and removed at completion of aircraft recovery		
PC2.4.	Emergency response procedures are implemented as required		Not yet Competent
PC2.5.	Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) action is initiated and cancelled as required to support aircraft recovery		competent
E3. Docu	ument and record removal process		Element
PC3.1.	Records of meetings are taken as required		
PC3.2.	Visual recording of removal process is conducted where access allows		Competent
PC3.3.	Appropriate logbook entries are made		☐ Not yet
PC3.4.	Incident or aircraft recovery reports are prepared and processed		Competent
nstructo	rs Name:		
Date:			
nstructo	r Signature:		

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AVIY0034 Operate in Controlled Airspace

	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competer y controlled airspace procedures	 Element
	Control area (CTA) and control zone (CTR) instructions for departure, climb, transition to cruise (levelling out), cruise, change of levels, descent and visual approach procedures are adhered to	
PC1.2.	Airways clearance requirements for entering, operating in and departing from CTA and CTR are adhered to	
PC1.3.	Adverse weather conditions affecting airways clearance maintenance are advised to appropriate air traffic services as required	
PC1.4.	Air traffic service requirements for a change in level within CTA during routine flight are adhered to	
PC1.5.	Class C, D and G navigational chart information is identified and interpreted for use within controlled airspace	
PC1.6.	Separation standards between instrument flight rule (IFR) flights, and IFR and visual flight rule (VFR) flights in various classes of CTA are confirmed and applied	Competen
PC1.7.	Restricted and danger area separation requirements are identified and maintained	
PC1.8.	Class C, D and G radio and navigation aid frequencies are identified and used within controlled airspace	Not yet Competen
PC1.9.	Aircraft IFR/VFR separation requirements are maintained	
PC1.10.	Aircraft altitude and tracking tolerances when operating on an airways clearance are maintained	
PC1.11.	CTA protection tolerances are maintained	
PC1.12.	Radar vectoring procedures, including radio procedures and phraseologies, are implemented as required through air traffic services instruction	
PC1.13.	Airways clearance requirements for operating in all classes of airspace, including lead time required for flight plan submission, contents, clearance void time, and 'read back' requirements, are complied with	
E2. Appl	y abnormal and emergency situation procedures	Element
PC2.1.	Aircraft is configured to maintain safe operating conditions within controlled airspace requirements during abnormal and emergency situations	
PC2.2.	Aircraft position and intention broadcasts are made to local and area traffic, including air traffic services	Competen
PC2.3.	Appropriate radio communication failure or emergency transponder codes during abnormal or emergency situations are selected within CTA and CTR airspace	Not yet
PC2.4.	Air traffic service requirements for a change in level within CTA during abnormal or emergency situations are adhered to	Competen

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Date: _____

Instructor Signature:



AVIY0035 Operate in Class G Airspace

Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been a			
E1. Operate in uncontrolled airspace			Element
PC1.1.	Aircraft tracking tolerances are maintained to remain within Class G airspace		
PC1.2.	Aircraft altitude tolerances are maintained to remain within Class G airspace		Competent
PC1.3.	Traffic separation tolerances between instrument flight rule (IFR) and visual flight rule (VFR) operations are maintained		☐ Not yet
PC1.4.	Abnormal and emergency situation response actions are implemented as required		Competent
E2. Nav	igate in controlled airspace		Element
PC2.1.	Flight operations are conducted with appropriate separation from active aerodrome and landing areas		Competent
PC2.2.	Controlled and restricted airspace areas are identified, and separation tolerances maintained during all phases of flight		Competent
PC2.3.	Appropriate flight operating procedures are applied in vicinity of danger areas		Not yet
PC2.4.	Radio communication failure and aircraft emergency transponder codes are utilised as required		Competent
Date:	ors Name:		

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AVIY0036 Operate at Non-Towered Aerodrome

Elements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy has be	een achieved.
E1. Con	duct pre-flight preparations		Element
PC1.1.	Relevant non-towered aerodrome operational information is extracted from authorised sources		
PC1.2.	Information is interpreted to determine appropriate departure, arrival and landing requirements		Competent
PC1.3.	Special aerodrome procedures are identified as required		
PC1.4.	Weather forecasts and local observations are checked for operating validity for flight planned duration		Not yet Competent
PC1.5.	Relevant radio and navigation aid frequencies are identified for use during all flight modes		oopotot
E2. Taxi	aircraft at non -towered aerodrome or landing area		Element
PC2.1.	Non-towered aerodrome or landing area charts are used		
PC2.2.	Local or area barometric pressure adjusted for sea level (QNH) is set		
PC2.3.	Operating intentions are broadcast via radio telecommunications on appropriate frequency		
PC2.4.	Local and area traffic information is obtained and interpreted		Competent
PC2.5.	Aircraft separation and lookout is maintained for other aircraft and for other aerodrome obstructions or hazards		☐ Not yet
PC2.6.	Appropriate aircraft lighting is selected during aircraft taxi		Competent
PC2.7.	Aerodrome ground markings are identified, and appropriate action taken during aircraft taxi		
PC2.8.	Aircraft is taxied, or air transited to runway holding point		
E3. Perf	orm aircraft departure		Element
PC3.1.	Runway approaches are checked and cleared in all directions prior to entering runway		
PC3.2.	Aircraft transponder code and appropriate mode are selected		Competent
PC3.3.	Aircraft position and operating intentions are broadcast on appropriate frequencies		
PC3.4.	Aircraft separation is maintained during aircraft departure sequence		Not yet
PC3.5.	Air service provider is advised of departure details as required		Competent



AVIY0036 Operate at Non-Towered Aerodrome

Elements and Performance Criteria Continued

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E4. Perform arrival and landing			Element
	towered aerodrome operational information is extracted from authorised sources ng circuit area		
PC4.2. Local or area b	parometric pressure adjusted for sea level (QNH) is set		
PC4.3. Aircraft position	on and operating intentions are broadcast on appropriate frequencies		
PC4.4. Aircraft separa	ation and tracking tolerances are maintained		
PC4.5. Wind velocity	and direction is assessed to determine appropriate circuit and landing direction		Competent
PC4.6. Non-towered sequence	aerodrome runway or landing areas are confirmed as serviceable for landing		Not yet
PC4.7. Runway areas hazards	and landing areas are checked and confirmed to be clear of landing obstacles and		Competent
PC4.8. Aircraft arrival operating productions	sequence is conducted in accordance with manufacturer and organisational cedures		
PC4.9. Aircraft is land	led and cleared from runway and landing areas		
PC4.10. Air service pro	ovider is advised of landing details as required		
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AVIY0037 Operate at a Controlled Aerodrome

Elements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy has be	een achieved.
E1. Con	duct pre-flight preparations		Element
PC1.1.	Relevant controlled aerodrome operational information is extracted from authorised sources		
PC1.2.	Information is interpreted to determine appropriate departure, arrival and landing requirements		L_ Competent
PC1.3.	Special aerodrome procedures are identified as required		
PC1.4.	Weather forecasts and local observations are checked for operating validity for flight planned duration		Not yet Competent
PC1.5.	Relevant radio and navigation aid frequencies are identified for use during all flight modes		competent
	aircraft at controlled aerodrome		Element
PC2.1.	Air traffic clearances are obtained and complied with		
PC2.2.	Aircraft is manoeuvred to holding point as instructed and appropriate action is taken to avoid other aircraft and obstructions		
PC2.3.	Aerodrome ground markings are identified, and appropriate action taken during aircraft taxi		
PC2.4.	Aerodrome lighting signals are identified, and appropriate action taken to comply with ground/hover taxi requirements		Competent
PC2.5.	Airport runway incursion hotspots are identified		Not yet
PC2.6.	Aircraft separation and lookout are maintained for other aircraft and other aerodrome obstructions, including jet blast hazards		Competent
PC2.7.	Appropriate aircraft lighting is selected during aircraft taxi		
PC2.8.	Aircraft is taxied, or air transited to runway holding point		
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E3. Perform aircraft departure			Element
PC3.1.	Airways clearance is obtained and confirmed with air traffic services		
PC3.2.	Runway approaches are checked and cleared in all directions prior to entering runway		
PC3.3.	Aircraft transponder code and appropriate mode are selected		
PC3.4.	Air traffic departure instructions are complied with, and air traffic is advised of clearance instructions non-compliance as soon as possible as required		Competent
PC3.5.	Aircraft separation is maintained, and wake turbulence conditions avoided during aircraft departure sequence		Not yet Competent
PC3.6.	Air traffic service is advised of departure details as required		23
PC3.7.	Airways clearance instructions are maintained within tracking and altitude tolerances, and lookout is maintained until clear of the aerodrome control zone		

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AVIY0037 Operate at a Controlled Aerodrome

Elements and Performance Criteria Continued

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E4. Perform arrival and landing		Element
PC4.1.	Relevant controlled aerodrome operational information is extracted from authorised sources prior to entering control area	
PC4.2.	Local or area barometric pressure adjusted for sea level (QNH) is set	
PC4.3.	Air traffic clearance is gained from air traffic service and appropriate transponder code is selected prior to entry to control area, and air traffic is advised of clearance instructions non-compliance as soon as possible as required	Competent
PC4.4.	Aircraft separation, lookout and tracking tolerances are maintained within the control area	∐ Not yet
PC4.5.	Wind velocity and direction are assessed to confirm clearance instructions, and appropriate circuit and landing direction	Competent
PC4.6.	Landing clearance is confirmed with air traffic service	
PC4.7.	Aircraft is landed and taxi clearance from runway and landing areas is obtained	
Instructo	rs Name:	
Instructo	r Signature:	

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AVIY0040 Apply Aeronautical Knowledge to Aviation Operations

Elements		icy has be	
E1. Util	ise aviation terminology		Element
PC1.1.	Standard aeronautical terminology and phraseology is used to explain aviation operations		Compotent
PC1.2.	Flight direction is correctly explained using accepted units of measure and direction		Competent
PC1.3.	Flight speed, distance and velocity terms are correctly outlined		∐ Not yet
PC1.4.	Aviation units of measure are utilised during aviation operations		Competent
E2. Apply knowledge of basic aircraft power plants and systems			Element
PC2.1.	Piston engine aircraft operating principles are explained		
PC2.2.	Operator knowledge of aviation fuels and oils usage is applied		Competent
PC2.3.	Engine handling techniques and operating limitations are implemented		
PC2.4.	Aircraft system component malfunctions/failures and associated system warnings, cautions and indications are correctly outlined		Not yet Competent
PC2.5.	Aircraft flight instruments are identified, and their purpose explained		Competent
F3. Ann	oly basic aerodynamic theory		Element
PC3.1.	Basic aircraft operational states are explained in terms of kinetic and potential energy terms	ПП	
PC3.2.	Standard aerodynamic terminology and phraseology is used to describe aviation operations		Competent
PC3.3.	Wake turbulence and associated aircraft operational effects are explained		
PC3.4.	Thrust stream turbulence, including jet blast and rotor downwash hazards to flight operations, are		Not yet
FC3.4.	identified		Competent
E4. App	ly knowledge of aviation navigation charts		Element
	National Chart types and major chart features displayed are explained		Element
			Element Competent
PC4.1.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts		Competent
PC4.1. PC4.2.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts		
PC4.1. PC4.2. PC4.3. PC4.4.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts Appropriate PRD data is determined and extracted for use in aviation navigation planning Runway information and operational limitations data is extracted from en route supplements for use in aviation navigation planning		Competent Not yet Competent
PC4.1. PC4.2. PC4.3. PC4.4.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts Appropriate PRD data is determined and extracted for use in aviation navigation planning Runway information and operational limitations data is extracted from en route supplements for use in aviation navigation planning Ny knowledge of aviation operations, performance and planning Aircraft airworthiness requirements and certification documentation are identified and correctly		Competent Not yet Competent Element
PC4.1. PC4.2. PC4.3. PC4.4.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts Appropriate PRD data is determined and extracted for use in aviation navigation planning Runway information and operational limitations data is extracted from en route supplements for use in aviation navigation planning Ny knowledge of aviation operations, performance and planning Aircraft airworthiness requirements and certification documentation are identified and correctly compiled Aircraft take-off and landing performance data is extracted from authorised sources and is		Competent Not yet Competent
PC4.1. PC4.2. PC4.3. PC4.4.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts Appropriate PRD data is determined and extracted for use in aviation navigation planning Runway information and operational limitations data is extracted from en route supplements for use in aviation navigation planning Ally knowledge of aviation operations, performance and planning Aircraft airworthiness requirements and certification documentation are identified and correctly compiled		Competent Not yet Competent Element
PC4.1. PC4.2. PC4.3. PC4.4. E5. App PC5.1. PC5.2.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts Appropriate PRD data is determined and extracted for use in aviation navigation planning Runway information and operational limitations data is extracted from en route supplements for use in aviation navigation planning Aircraft airworthiness requirements and certification documentation are identified and correctly compiled Aircraft take-off and landing performance data is extracted from authorised sources and is correctly used during aircraft performance planning Aircraft weight and balance planning factors are correctly outlined and used during aircraft loading calculations		Competent Not yet Competent Element Competent Not yet
PC4.1. PC4.2. PC4.3. PC4.4. E5. App PC5.1. PC5.2. PC5.3.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts Appropriate PRD data is determined and extracted for use in aviation navigation planning Runway information and operational limitations data is extracted from en route supplements for use in aviation navigation planning Aircraft airworthiness requirements and certification documentation are identified and correctly compiled Aircraft take-off and landing performance data is extracted from authorised sources and is correctly used during aircraft performance planning Aircraft weight and balance planning factors are correctly outlined and used during aircraft loading calculations		Competent Not yet Competent Element Competent Not yet
PC4.1. PC4.2. PC4.3. PC4.4. E5. App PC5.1. PC5.2. PC5.3.	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts Appropriate PRD data is determined and extracted for use in aviation navigation planning Runway information and operational limitations data is extracted from en route supplements for use in aviation navigation planning Aircraft airworthiness requirements and certification documentation are identified and correctly compiled Aircraft take-off and landing performance data is extracted from authorised sources and is correctly used during aircraft performance planning Aircraft weight and balance planning factors are correctly outlined and used during aircraft loading calculations Ors Name:		Competent Not yet Competent Element Competent Not yet
PC4.1. PC4.2. PC4.3. PC4.4. E5. App PC5.1. PC5.2. PC5.3. Instructor RTO Num	Visual chart types and major chart features displayed are explained Controlled airspace (CTA), prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) areas are identified on appropriate visual charts Appropriate PRD data is determined and extracted for use in aviation navigation planning Runway information and operational limitations data is extracted from en route supplements for use in aviation navigation planning Aircraft airworthiness requirements and certification documentation are identified and correctly compiled Aircraft take-off and landing performance data is extracted from authorised sources and is correctly used during aircraft performance planning Aircraft weight and balance planning factors are correctly outlined and used during aircraft loading calculations Ors Name:	Office	Competent Not yet Competent Element Competent Not yet



below 10,000 feet (ft)

PC3.7.

PC3.8.

with

Recognition of Prior Learning application Trainer / Assessor Checklist

Not yet

Competent

П

AVIY0041 Apply the Principles of Civil Law to Aviation Operations Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved. E1. Compile aviation documentation **Element** PC1.1. Flight time recording requirements are accurately transcribed and compiled within authorised flight documents and flight record systems Competent PC1.2. Aviation legislation, aeronautical information and general operating rules are confirmed and П applied to aviation operations Not yet PC1.3. Aircraft maintenance release requirements and documentation compliance requirements are Competent clarified E2. Apply flight crew licensing knowledge Element PC2.1. Knowledge of flight crew licence limitations and privileges is applied Competent Flight crew licence medical standards and limitations are confirmed and applied to aviation PC2.2. П operations Licence holder privileges relating to daily maintenance inspections, maintenance release PC2.3. Not yet Competent documentation and defect reporting are complied with E3. Apply flight rules and conditions of flight **Element** Rules of the air are applied to aviation operations PC3.1. PC3.2. Aerodrome operating requirements are applied PC3.3. Separation minima at non-controlled aerodromes is applied PC3.4. Smoking restrictions during take-off, landing and refueling operations are complied with PC3.5. Carriage and discharge of firearms requirements are applied PC3.6. Visual flight rules (VFR) and visual meteorology conditions are applied to aviation operations Competent

E4. App	ly air services operations legislative requirements	Element
PC4.1.	Passenger carriage legislative requirements are extracted from authorised references	
PC4.2.	Cargo, floatation and survival equipment, dangerous goods and miscellaneous cargo carriage requirements are applied	Competent
PC4.3.	Legislative responsibilities and requirements of the pilot in command (PIC) are identified	∟ Not yet
PC4.4.	Legislative requirements of flight crew before and after flight duties are applied	Competent

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Altimetry procedures for flight below 10,000 ft are applied to aviation operations

PC3.11. Flight operating limitations for acrobatic flights and flights over public gatherings are complied

PC3.9. Aircraft lighting configuration and operating requirements are followed

PC3.10. Minimum operating heights for flights over populated and other areas are applied

PC3.12. Flight operating requirements for take-off and landing during daylight hours are applied

Drugs and alcohol usage rules, including temporary medical unfitness for flight, are complied with



AVIY0041 Apply the Principles of Civil Law to Aviation Operations

Elements and Performance Criteria

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E5. App	ly aerodrome airspace knowledge	Element
PC5.1.	Aerodrome movement areas, landing areas, helicopter landing site (HLS) and markings are identified	
PC5.2.	Aerodrome operating procedures are applied to circuit operations	
PC5.3.	Aerodrome meteorological minima is applied	_
PC5.4.	Classes of controlled and uncontrolled airspace are complied with	 Competent
PC5.5.	Prohibited, restricted and danger (PRD) area flight operating conditions are applied	
PC5.6.	Flight information and air traffic service area boundaries and limitations are identified and applied to aviation operations	Not yet
PC5.7.	Altimetry datum and appropriate reference heights are calculated and applied to aviation operations	Competent
PC5.8.	Airspace documentation is identified, and prescribed airspace requirements followed	
PC5.9.	Air Defence Identification Zone (ADIZ) operating requirements, pilot interception actions and vested powers of the PIC are explained	
E6. Apply aviation emergency and search and rescue(SAR) knowledge		Element
PC6.1.	Radio equipment testing and listening watch requirements are applied	
PC6.2.	Aircraft navigation and landing light usage during emergency procedures is explained and applied	
PC6.3.	Emergency incident and accident definitions and reporting requirements are outlined	Competent
PC6.4.	Mercy flight conditions and restrictions are outlined	
PC6.5.	Flight incident and accident notification responsibilities of the PIC are identified	Not yet
PC6.6.	Search and rescue time (SARTIME) is determined and applied to aviation operations	Competent
PC6.7.	Emergency procedure documents are identified and utilised during emergency and SAR operations	
nstructo	rs Name:	
Date:		
nstructo	r Signature:	



AVIY0083 Execute Advanced Aeroplane Manoeuvres and Procedures

LICITICITES	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy has be	een achieved.
E1. Turr	n aeroplane steeply		Element
PC1.1.	Pre-manoeuvre checks for steep turning are performed		
PC1.2.	Flightpath is cleared before and during turn		
PC1.3.	Steep level turn of nominated bank angle is achieved without altitude change to nominated heading		Competent
PC1.4.	Descending turn of nominated bank angle is achieved to nominated heading		∟ Not yet
PC1.5.	Awareness of higher stall speed in turns is applied		Competent
PC1.6.	Aeroplane operating limits are not exceeded		
E2. Side	slip aeroplane	I	Element
PC2.1.	Yaw is induced to achieve increased rate of descent while maintaining track and airspeed		
PC2.2.	Recovery from sideslip is achieved and aeroplane is returned to balanced flight		Competent
PC2.3.	Flightpath is cleared before and during manoeuvre		∐ Not yet
PC2.4.	Glide speed is maintained		Competent
E3. Execute short take-off			Element
PC3.1.	Take-off performance is calculated in accordance with performance chart		
PC3.2.	Pre-take-off, line-up and after take-off checks are performed in accordance with approved checklist and regulatory requirements		
	• , ,		C t t
PC3.3.	Aeroplane is lined up to enable use of maximum runway length		Competent
PC3.3.	Aeroplane is lined up to enable use of maximum runway length Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH) requirements		☐ Not yet
	Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's		
PC3.4.	Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH) requirements		☐ Not yet
PC3.4. PC3.5. PC3.6.	Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH) requirements Separation with other traffic is maintained Appropriate allowance is made for surface and wind conditions		☐ Not yet
PC3.4. PC3.5. PC3.6.	Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH) requirements Separation with other traffic is maintained Appropriate allowance is made for surface and wind conditions cute short landings		Not yet Competent
PC3.4. PC3.5. PC3.6.	Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH) requirements Separation with other traffic is maintained Appropriate allowance is made for surface and wind conditions Cute short landings Landing performance is calculated in accordance with performance chart Aeroplane is landed at nominated touchdown point using appropriate techniques and procedures		Not yet Competent
PC3.4. PC3.5. PC3.6. E4. Exect PC4.1.	Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH) requirements Separation with other traffic is maintained Appropriate allowance is made for surface and wind conditions Cute short landings Landing performance is calculated in accordance with performance chart		Not yet Competent Element
PC3.4. PC3.5. PC3.6. E4. Exec PC4.1. PC4.2.	Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH) requirements Separation with other traffic is maintained Appropriate allowance is made for surface and wind conditions cute short landings Landing performance is calculated in accordance with performance chart Aeroplane is landed at nominated touchdown point using appropriate techniques and procedures in accordance with AFM/POH requirements		Not yet Competent Element
PC3.4. PC3.5. PC3.6. E4. Exec PC4.1. PC4.2.	Short take-off technique is applied in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/pilot's operating handbook (POH) requirements Separation with other traffic is maintained Appropriate allowance is made for surface and wind conditions Cute short landings Landing performance is calculated in accordance with performance chart Aeroplane is landed at nominated touchdown point using appropriate techniques and procedures in accordance with AFM/POH requirements Separation with other traffic is maintained		Not yet Competent Element Competent

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AVIY0083- Execute Advanced Aeroplane Manoeuvres and Procedures

Elements and Performance Criteria

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

Continue	ed .	
E5. Ente	er and recover from stall	Element
PC5.1.	Pre-manoeuvre checks for stalling are performed	
PC5.2.	Stall signs and symptoms are recognised	Competent
PC5.3.	Aeroplane is controlled by applying required pitch, roll and yaw inputs as appropriate in a smooth, coordinated manner, and aeroplane is accurately trimmed to enter and recover from stall conditions	Not yet
PC5.4.	Stall recovery in simulated partial and complete engine failure configurations is initiated and completed using established stall recovery techniques	Competent
E6. Rec	over from incipient spin	Element
PC6.1.	Pre-manoeuvre checks for a stall are performed	

E6. Recover from incipient spin			Element
PC6.1.	Pre-manoeuvre checks for a stall are performed		
PC6.2.	Stall signs and symptoms, including where the aeroplane exhibits a tendency to drop a wing at the stall in relevant manoeuvres, conditions and configurations, are recognised		Competent
PC6.3.	Aeroplane is controlled during stall manoeuvres by applying required pitch, roll and yaw inputs as appropriate in a smooth, coordinated manner, to enter and recover from stall conditions where the aeroplane exhibits a tendency to drop a wing at the stall		Not yet Competent
PC6.4.	Stall recovery is initiated and completed using established stall recovery techniques		

Instructors Name:	 	
Date:		
Instructor Signature:		

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AVIY0047 Manage Abnormal Aeroplane Flight Situations

Element PC1.1. Abnormal or failed engine indications are correctly identified PC1.2. Control of aeroplane is maintained during emergency response procedures PC1.3. Immediate actions are performed in accordance with pilot's operating handbook (POH) PC1.4. Landing area within gliding distance is selected and emergency procedures performed in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/POH PC1.5. Flight profile is flown, from which a controlled landing could be achieved PC1.6. Air traffic services or other agencies capable of providing assistance are advised of situation and intentions E2. Perform forced landing following engine failure PC2.1. Partial or complete engine failure condition is correctly recognised and appropriate emergency response identified PC2.2. Control of aeroplane is maintained during emergency response procedures PC2.3. Immediate actions are performed in accordance with POH PC2.4. Recovery plan is formulated and explained, most suitable landing area within gliding distance selected and aeroplane manoeuvred to nominated landing area PC2.5. Consideration is given to restarting engine as required, and engine is restarted as required PC2.6. Optimal gliding flight profile is selected and flown, from which a controlled landing could be achieved Air traffic services or other agencies capable of providing assistance are advised of situation and intentions PC2.8. Passengers and/or flight crew members are updated on flight situation and are advised to adopt emergency positions, time permitting PC2.9. Aeroplane is landed ensuring safest outcome if engine restart is not achieved E3. Conduct precautionary search and landing PC3.1. Flight circumstances are assessed and appropriate decision to perform a precautionary landing is made PC3.2. Intentions are communicated to other traffic or agencies as required Competent Competent Element Element Competent C	lements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.				
PC1.2. Control of aeroplane is maintained during emergency response procedures PC1.3. Immediate actions are performed in accordance with pilot's operating handbook (POH) PC1.4. Landing area within gliding distance is selected and emergency procedures performed in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/POH PC1.5. Flight profile is flown, from which a controlled landing could be achieved PC1.6. Air traffic services or other agencies capable of providing assistance are advised of situation and intentions E2. Perform forced landing following engine failure PC2.1. Partial or complete engine failure condition is correctly recognised and appropriate emergency response identified PC2.2. Control of aeroplane is maintained during emergency response procedures PC2.3. Immediate actions are performed in accordance with POH PC2.4. Recovery plan is formulated and explained, most suitable landing area within gliding distance selected and aeroplane manoeuvred to nominated landing area PC2.5. Consideration is given to restarting engine as required, and engine is restarted as required PC2.6. Optimal gliding flight profile is selected and flown, from which a controlled landing could be achieved PC2.7. Air traffic services or other agencies capable of providing assistance are advised of situation and intentions PC2.8. Passengers and/or flight crew members are updated on flight situation and are advised to adopt emergency positions, time permitting PC2.9. Aeroplane is landed ensuring safest outcome if engine restart is not achieved E3. Conduct precautionary search and landing PC3.1. Flight circumstances are assessed and appropriate decision to perform a precautionary landing is made PC3.2. Intentions are communicated to other traffic or agencies as required PC3.3. Aeroplane is configured for inspection flight profile PC3.4. Landing area is selected and inspected for approach, landing distance, surface and obstacle clearance to ensure aeroplane can be landed safely Not yet Competent Competent Competent C	Element	E1. Manage engine failure after take-off			
PC1.3. Immediate actions are performed in accordance with pilot's operating handbook (POH) PC1.4. Landing area within gliding distance is selected and emergency procedures performed in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/POH PC1.5. Flight profile is flown, from which a controlled landing could be achieved PC1.6. Air traffic services or other agencies capable of providing assistance are advised of situation and intentions E2. Perform forced landing following engine failure PC2.1. Partial or complete engine failure condition is correctly recognised and appropriate emergency response identified PC2.2. Control of aeroplane is maintained during emergency response procedures PC2.3. Immediate actions are performed in accordance with POH PC2.4. Recovery plan is formulated and explained, most suitable landing area within gliding distance selected and aeroplane manoeuvred to nominated landing area within gliding distance selected and aeroplane manoeuvred to nominated landing area PC2.5. Consideration is given to restarting engine as required, and engine is restarted as required PC2.6. Optimal gliding flight profile is selected and flown, from which a controlled landing could be achieved PC2.7. Air traffic services or other agencies capable of providing assistance are advised of situation and intentions PC2.8. Passengers and/or flight crew members are updated on flight situation and are advised to adopt emergency positions, time permitting PC2.9. Aeroplane is landed ensuring safest outcome if engine restart is not achieved E3. Conduct precautionary search and landing E4. E1. Flight circumstances are assessed and appropriate decision to perform a precautionary landing is made PC3.1. Flight circumstances are assessed and appropriate decision to perform a precautionary landing is made PC3.2. Intentions are communicated to other traffic or agencies as required PC3.3. Aeroplane is configured for inspection flight profile PC3.4. Landing area is selected and inspected for approach, landing distance, s			Abnormal or failed engine indications are correctly identified	PC1.1.	
PC1.4. Landing area within gliding distance is selected and emergency procedures performed in accordance with aircraft flight manual (AFM)/POH PC1.5. Flight profile is flown, from which a controlled landing could be achieved PC1.6. Air traffic services or other agencies capable of providing assistance are advised of situation and intentions E2. Perform forced landing following engine failure PC2.1. Partial or complete engine failure condition is correctly recognised and appropriate emergency response identified PC2.2. Control of aeroplane is maintained during emergency response procedures PC2.3. Immediate actions are performed in accordance with POH PC2.4. Recovery plan is formulated and explained, most suitable landing area within gliding distance selected and aeroplane manoeuvred to nominated landing area response identified PC2.5. Consideration is given to restarting engine as required, and engine is restarted as required PC2.6. Optimal gliding flight profile is selected and flown, from which a controlled landing could be achieved PC2.7. Air traffic services or other agencies capable of providing assistance are advised of situation and intentions PC2.8. Passengers and/or flight crew members are updated on flight situation and are advised to adopt emergency positions, time permitting PC3.1. Flight circumstances are assessed and appropriate decision to perform a precautionary landing is made PC3.2. Intentions are communicated to other traffic or agencies as required PC3.3. Aeroplane is configured for inspection flight profile PC3.4. Landing area is selected and inspected for approach, landing distance, surface and obstacle clearance to ensure aeroplane can be landed safely PC3.5. Passengers and/or flight crew members are updated on flight situation and are advised to adopt elearance to ensure aeroplane can be landed safely PC3.5. Passengers and/or flight crew members are updated on flight situation and are advised to adopt elearance to ensure aeroplane can be landed safely			Control of aeroplane is maintained during emergency response procedures	PC1.2.	
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clearance to ensure aeroplane can be landed safely PC3.5. Passengers and/or flight crew members are updated on flight situation and are advised to adopt emergency positions, time permitting Not yet Competent	Competent		Aeroplane is configured for inspection flight profile	PC3.3.	
PC3.5. Passengers and/or flight crew members are updated on flight situation and are advised to adopt emergency positions, time permitting	Not yet			PC3.4.	
PC3.6. Aeroplane is landed and secured and passengers managed as required	· ·			PC3.5.	
			Aeroplane is landed and secured and passengers managed as required	PC3.6.	

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AVIY0047 Manage Abnormal Aeroplane Flight Situations

Elements and Performance Criteria Continued

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E4. Manage on-board abnormal and emergency situations			Element
PC4.1.	Control of aeroplane is maintained during emergency response procedures		
PC4.2.	Abnormal and emergency situations are correctly identified and managed in accordance with relevant emergency procedures and regulatory requirements		Competent
PC4.3.	Appropriate emergency procedures are followed in accordance with AFM/POH and published procedures while maintaining control of aeroplane		☐ Not vet
PC4.4.	Requirement for emergency evacuation of aeroplane is identified		Competent
PC4.5.	Emergency evacuation of aeroplane is executed as required		
Instructo	ors Name:		
Date:			
Instructo	or Signature:		

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AVIZ0006 Manage Situational Awareness in Aircraft Flight Flements and Performance Criteria

Elements	and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competen	cy nas be	en achieved.
E1. Mai	ntain situational awareness		Element
PC1.1.	Continuous monitoring of all critical factors relevant to the safe progress of a flight is undertaken		
PC1.2.	are used appropriately		
PC1.3.			☐ Not yet
PC1.4.	Breakdown in situational awareness is identified from errors or discrepancies and is rectified by ensuring safe operation of aircraft and response to situation		Competent
E2 Asse	ss situations and make decisions		Element
PC2.1.	Problems are identified and analysed		
PC2.2.	Solutions are identified, and risks are assessed		
PC2.3.	Course of action is chosen to ensure a safe outcome to a flight or manoeuvre		
PC2.4.	Plan of action is communicated, and tasks allocated		Competent
PC2.5.	Actions are taken to achieve optimum outcomes		
PC2.6.	Progress is monitored against plan		Not yet Competent
PC2.7.	Plan is re-evaluated to achieve optimum outcomes		Competent
PC2.8.	Operational changes and related risks are monitored and managed to ensure a safe outcome to a flight or manoeuvre		
E3. Set	priorities and manage tasks		Element
PC3.1.	Priorities and workload are organised to ensure completion of all tasks relevant to flight safety		
PC3.2.	Safe and effective operation of aircraft is prioritised ahead of competing tasks		
PC3.3.	Technology is appropriately used to reduce workload and to improve ability to perform mental and manipulative activities		Competent
PC3.4.	Fixation on single actions/functions is avoided		∟ Not yet
PC3.5.	5. Symptoms of fatigue are recognised and appropriate action taken to reduce its effects		
PC3.6.	Critical events and tasks are anticipated and completed in time available		
E4. Wor	k with others in managing situational awareness		Element
PC4.1.	Level of assertiveness is applied that ensures safe flight completion		
PC4.2.	Effective and efficient communications and interpersonal relationships are established and maintained with all stakeholders to ensure safe flight outcome		Competent
PC4.3.	. Passengers and crew members are encouraged to participate in and contribute to safe flight outcome Not yet		
PC4.4.	Appropriate action is taken in conjunction with others to cooperatively correct any identified unsafe situations that may develop during an aircraft flight		Competent
Date:	rs Name:		
RTO Numl 1 Wirrawa	per: 40971 The Redcliffe Aero Club ABN: 74 009 819 792 by Drive, Kippa Ring, QLD, Australia, 4021 AQTF Ref 1.5 Email: RTO@ F00459_RPL Application - AVI50222 Trainer and Assessor Assessment Result Sheet - (PPL & CPL) Part 6.V1 5.01.23 Reviewed 10.02.2023 Source: RTO Co-Orc	<u>Predcliffea</u>	e: (07) 3203 1777 aeroclub.com.au



AVIH0015 Plan a Flight Under Night Visual Flight Rules

Elements	Elements and Performance Criteria Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieve		
E1. Det	E1. Determine aircraft meets requirements for NVFR flight		
PC1.1.	Aircraft requirements for NVFR flight are determined		Competent
PC1.2.	Flight and navigation instruments, minimum electrical lighting, navigation equipment and any other requirements fitted to aircraft are checked to ensure they are suitable and serviceable for NVFR flight		Not yet Competent
E2 Obta	in and use current operational documents		Element
PC2.1.	Operational documents applicable to flight are obtained and checked for currency		
PC2.2.	Applicable information contained in documents for flight planning and management is interpreted and applied		Competent
PC2.3.	Documents required for flight are stowed and their accessibility for pilot during flight is ensured		Not yet Competent
E3. Pre	pare flight plan for NVFR flight		Element
PC3.1.	Charts suitable for intended NVFR flight are selected and prepared		_
PC3.2.	Applicable information to prepare a flight plan that details tracks, distances, times, altitudes to be flown and fuel requirements to reach destination are obtained, analysed and applied		Competent
PC3.3.	Hazards are identified, risks are assessed, and hazard management implemented		П
PC3.4.	Meteorological, airways facilities, aerodrome and Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) information applicable to planning and conducting a flight is obtained, interpreted and applied		Not yet Competent
PC3.5.	Routes to optimise options in engine failure are planned		
E4. Det	ermine operational requirements		Element
PC4.1.	Suitability of aerodrome lighting for night operations is determined		
PC4.2.	Curfew requirements are complied with		Competent
PC4.3.	Duration of flight is determined		
PC4.4.	Holding, alternate and reserve fuel requirements due to weather, navigation aid availability and aerodrome lighting are determined in accordance with operational requirements		Not yet Competent
PC4.5.	Total fuel requirements are calculated		22

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AVIH0015 Plan a Flight Under Night Visual Flight Rules

Elements and Performance Criteria

Please place a tick in the box when competency has been achieved.

E5. Mak	re flight notifications	Element
PC5.1.	Flight notification is prepared for planned NVFR flight	Competent
PC5.2.	Completed flight notification is submitted	
PC5.3.	Flight notification acceptance is confirmed	Not yet Competent
E6. Prog	gram navigation system	Element
PC6.1.	Data is prepared for transfer to approved airborne navigation system	Competent
PC6.2.	Navigation data is loaded and checked	Not yet Competent
Instructo	rs Name:	
Date:		
Instructo	r Signature:	

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Assessments Result Sheet

Student's Name:	Assessor's Name:
Student Number:	Course Commencement Date:
Evidence supplied in students Recognition of Prior Learning	application meets the unit of competency requirements for all units of

Evidence supplied in students Recognition of Prior Learning application meets the unit of competency requirements for all units of competency signed off below

Course:

AVI50222 Diploma of Aviation (Commercial Pilot Licence - Aeroplane)

AVI50222 Diploma of Aviation (Commercial Pilot Licence - Aeroplane)

Course Code and Name		Code	Competency Achieved / Date / Signature
AVIE0006	Maintain Aircraft Radio Communications	Core	
AVIW0029	Manage Pre- and Post-Flight Actions	Core	
AVIF0033	Manage Aircraft Passengers and Cargo	Core	
AVIY0054	Control Aeroplane on the Ground	Core	
AVIY0055	Take-Off Aeroplane	Core	
AVIY0056	Control Aeroplane in Normal Flight	Core	
AVIY0057	Land Aeroplane	Core	
AVIY0058	Manage Aircraft Fuel	Core	
AVIF0026	Implement Aviation Risk Management Processes	Core	
AVIF0027	Implement Aviation Fatigue Risk Management Processes	Core	
AVIF0029	Implement Threat and Error Management Systems	Core	
AVIF0030	Manage Safe Flight Operations	Core	
AVIF0035	Manage Human Factors in Aviation Operations	Core	
AVIH0010	Plan a Flight Under Visual Flight Rules	Core	
AVIH0014	Navigate Aircraft Under Visual Flight Rules	Core	
AVILIC0003	Licence to Operate a Commercial Aeroplane	Core	
AVIO0017	Manage Disruptive Behaviour and Unlawful Interference with Aviation	Core	

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Course Code	and Name	Code	Competency Achieved / Date / Signature
AVIW0032	Operate and Manage Aircraft Systems	Core	
AVIY0033	Operate Aircraft Using Aircraft Flight Instruments	Core	
AVIY0034	Operate in Controlled Airspace	Core	
AVIY0035	Operate in Class G Airspace	Core	
AVIY0036	Operate at Non-Towered Aerodrome	Core	
AVIY0037	Operate at a Controlled Aerodrome	Core	
AVIY0040	Apply Aeronautical Knowledge to Aviation Operations	Core	
AVIY0041	Apply the Principles of Civil Law to Aviation Operations	Core	
AVIY0083	Execute Advanced Aeroplane Manoeuvres and Procedures	Core	
AVIY0047	Manage Abnormal Aeroplane Flight Situations	Core	
AVIZ0006	Manage Situational Awareness in Aircraft Flight	Core	
AVIH0015	Plan a Flight Under Night Visual Flight Rules	Elective	

CFI Final Approval
Mal McAdam

Head of Operations / Chief Flight Instructor

Signature:	
Date: / /	
Additional Notes: (if applicable)	

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